

The ETA Desktop Weather-forecast Station at DMN of Senegal

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DMN SENEGAL

Outline

- **Opportunity to develop NWP**
- **Operational ETA DWS at the DMN of Senegal**
 - ❖ Computer specifications and features
 - ❖ Operational runs characteristics
 - ❖ Ease to use
 - ❖ Development on model output fields and dissemination
 - ❖ Benefits of the Eta DWS
- **Research activities and collaboration**
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Opportunity to develop NWP model

- **Use of global model outputs from GTS to produce weather forecast bulletins. But:**
 - ❖ problems of availability of necessary fields, desired ranges ...
 - ❖ no interactions between forecasters and modelers
 - ❖ No possibility of tuning and development to fit local/regional needs
- **Development of:**
 1. Portable Limited Area Models
 2. Performant small-platform computers

possibility to run locally NWP models
- **Opportunity has been taken by Senegal to implement Eta model and thanks to NOAA's NWS collaboration:**
 - ❖ providing the computer
 - ❖ installing model software
 - ❖ training people to run the model

Computer specifications and features

- **Dell Precision Workstation 470n**
- **Dual Intel Xeon processors, 3.40GHz, 2MB L2 cache per processor**
- **6GB total memory**
- **500GB total disk space**
- **Red Hat Enterprise Linux ES 4**
- **Intel Fortran Compiler 9.0 for Linux**
- **Intel MPI Library 2.0**

Operational runs characteristics

Domain	1^N-28^W; 24^N-17^E
Horizontal resolution/grid	22 km / 166 x 165 points
Vertical grid	50 levels
Time Step	60s
Initial and lateral boundary Conditions	US NWS global NWP model
Coupling	Every 6 hours
Runs	00Z ans 12Z
Range	72 hours
Wall clock time	1h 47min

Ease to use: Access to real time initial and boundary conditions data

- **Automated Run for batch mode access to US NWS global NWP model output for:**
 - ❖ **Atmospheric initial conditions**
 - ❖ **Initial soil wetness, snow depth**
 - ❖ **Surface boundary conditions (sea surface temperature, sea ice) and lateral boundary conditions (atmospheric circulation)**

Caveat: Availability of Initial and lateral boundary conditions data:

**Data were pulled from COLA server first but troubles sometimes.
Now directly from NCEP.**

Fortunately problems are quickly fixed by our collaborators

Ease to use: Running the model

- **Graphical User Interface:**
 - ❖ to « build » model configuration
(domain, resolution, other several variables)
 - ❖ to « run » the simulation
(run-time variables, cumulus convection parameterization, model dynamics)
- **Automated Run for batch mode used for operational runs**

Caveat:

Scientific documentation for the model: quasi unexistant

You have chosen the following model configuration

Horizontal resolution: 22 km

Longitude of domain center: -4.9557 deg

Latitude of domain center: 12.58562 deg

Horizontal grid dimensions: IM=166, JM=165

Vertical coordinate: Eta

Number of vertical levels: 50

Pressure at model top: 25 hPa

Click on button to compile model

Continue

You have chosen the following model configuration

Initialization time: 00 UTC 20 Jul 2006

Forecast length: 72 h

Interval to get lateral boundary data: 6 h

Model output interval: 6 h

Cumulus convection scheme: Kain-Fritsch

Model dynamics: Hydrostatic

Model time step: 60 s

Click on button to run model

Continue

Termi

[Desk

GrAD

Running the model: Summary of choices.

Ease to use: Displaying model output fields

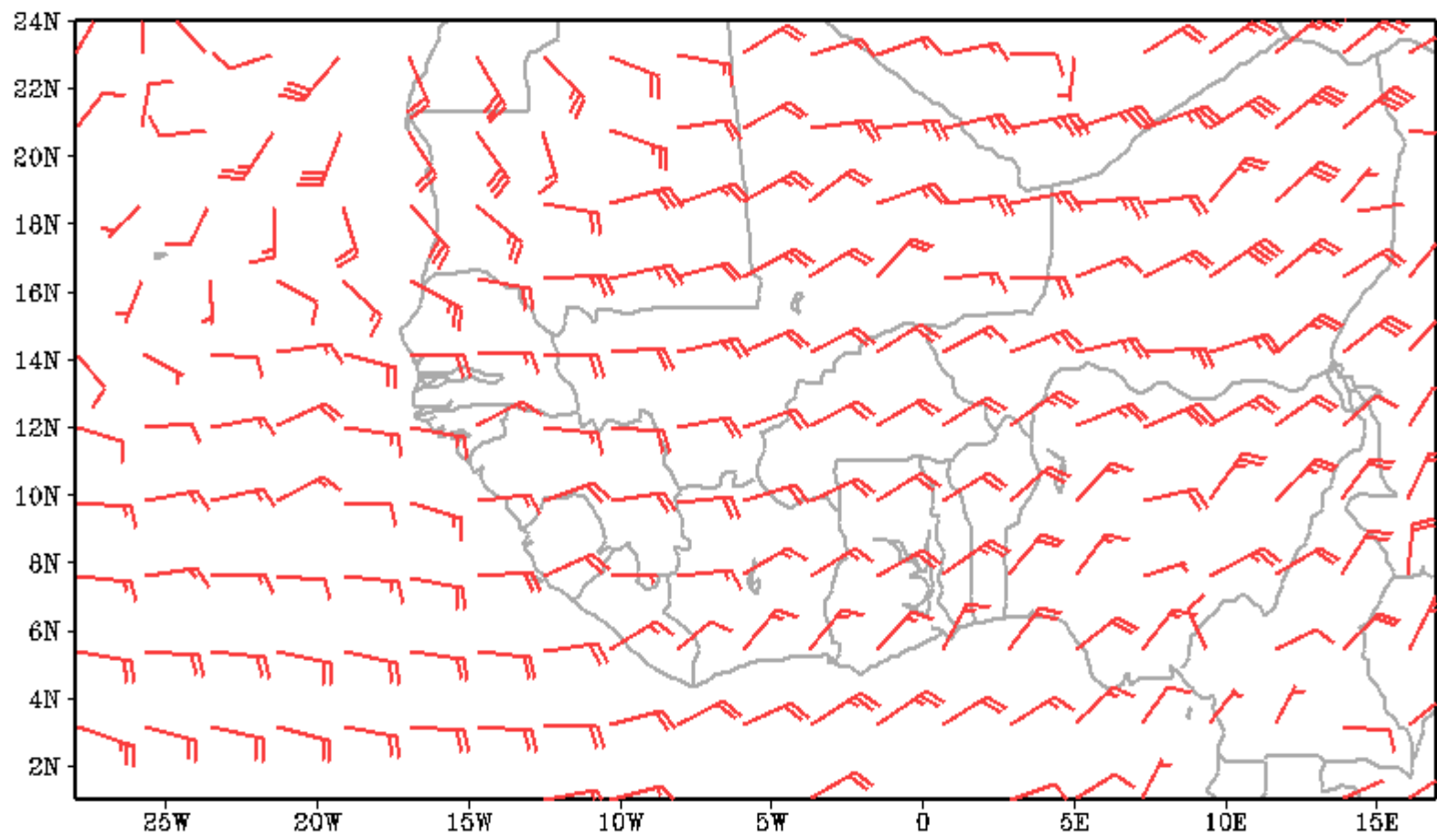
- **Automated linkage to a desktop display program (GrADS) to visualize results of forecast with a GUI**
 - ❖ different model output fields,
 - ❖ for all available vertical levels
 - ❖ for all available forecast times
 - ❖ also animation, zooming, saving plots to a file.

<i>Field</i>	<i>Level</i>	<i>Fcst Hour</i>	<i>Zoom</i>	<i>Unzoom</i>	<i>Animate</i>	<i>Print</i>	<i>Quit</i>
<i>Height</i>							
<i>Temp</i>							
<i>Wind</i>							
<i>Wind Stream</i>							
<i>U Wind</i>							
<i>V Wind</i>							
<i>VVEL700hPa</i>							
<i>Vort</i>							
<i>Div</i>							
<i>Rel Hum</i>							
<i>SLP</i>							
<i>2-m Tmp & 10-m Wind</i>							
<i>2-m TD & 10-m Wind</i>							
<i>2-m Qv & 10-m Wind</i>							
<i>Precip</i>							
<i>CIN</i>							
<i>CAPE</i>							
<i>Prc Wat</i>							
<i>Mconv850hPa</i>							

<i>Field</i>	<i>Level</i>	<i>Fcst Hour</i>	Zoom	Unzoom	Animate	Print	Quit
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- 100
- 200
- 300
- 400
- 500
- 600
- 700
- 850
- 925
- 1000

<i>Field</i>	<i>Level</i>	<i>Fcst Hour</i>	<i>Zoom</i>	<i>Unzoom</i>	<i>Animate</i>	<i>Print</i>	<i>Quit</i>
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850-hPa wind (noeuds) 36-hr forecast valid 00Z12JAN2007

Development on model Output fields and dissemination

- **First, the GUI for model output fields has been customized to fulfill forecasters requirements: six more fields, more levels, desired appearance...**
- **Also to enable model output fields easier to be exploited outside the DMN and by neighbouring countries, a webpage has been developed.**

<http://213.154.77.58/PrevisionNumerique/>



PNT-DMN-Sénégal

La Prévision Numérique du Temps au service du Développement

SOMMAIRE

Prévisions HRM

Prévisions ETA

Meteo-Senegal.net

Partenaires

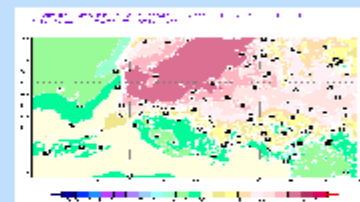
CONTACT

Bienvenue sur le site de la PNT à la DMN

La disponibilité d'un modèle à aire limitée constitue un outil supplémentaire pour les météorologistes du Sénégal et de la sous région, en particulier les prévisionnistes.

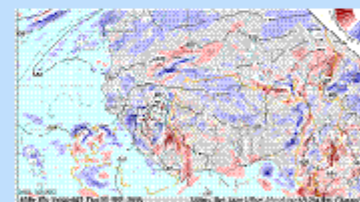
Historique de la Prévision Numérique à la DMN

Modèles actuellement opérationnels



DWD-HRM

[En savoir plus ...](#)



DWS-ETA

[En savoir plus...](#)

de la PNT DMN Sénégal

PNT-DMN-Sénégal

La Prévision Numérique du Temps au service du Développement

[Prévisions ETA : Paramètres Niveaux Modèle](#)

[Prévisions ETA : Paramètres Niveaux Pression](#)

Model Level Parameters

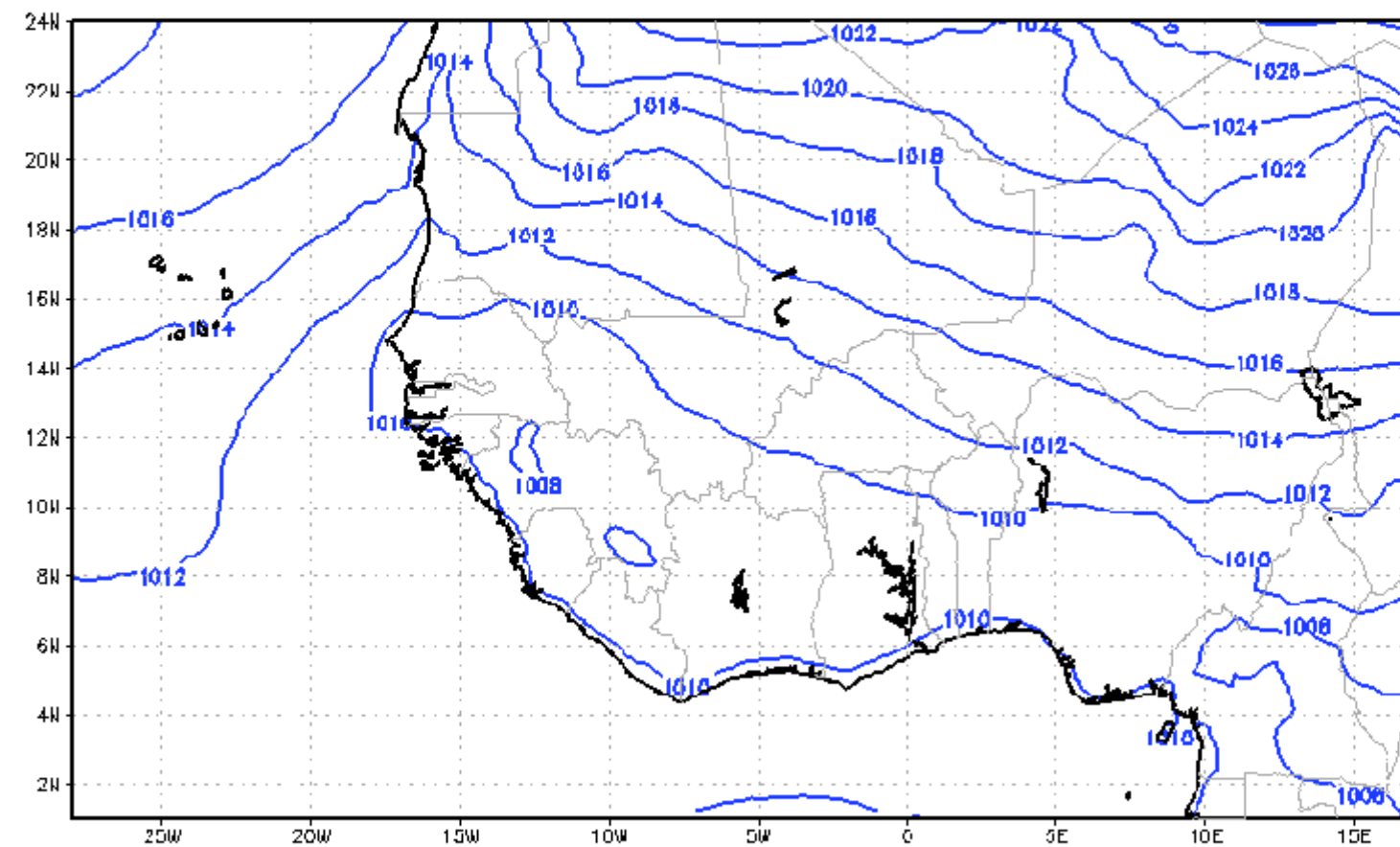
Réseau : 20070109, 00 UTC

Centre : DMN,ETA_22

Choisissez le paramètre et l'échéance de la prévision

Mean Sea Level Pres

Mean Sea Level (hPa) Based: 007 09/01/2007 FTA
DMN T+66 VT 18Z11j012007





Pressure Level Parameters

For 20070109, 00 UTC

Center DMN,ETA_22

Please Select the Parameter, Pressure level and the Forecast Range

Select Pressure Level ▾

Select Parameter ▾

Select Forcast Range ▾

Show Product

Pressure Level Parameters

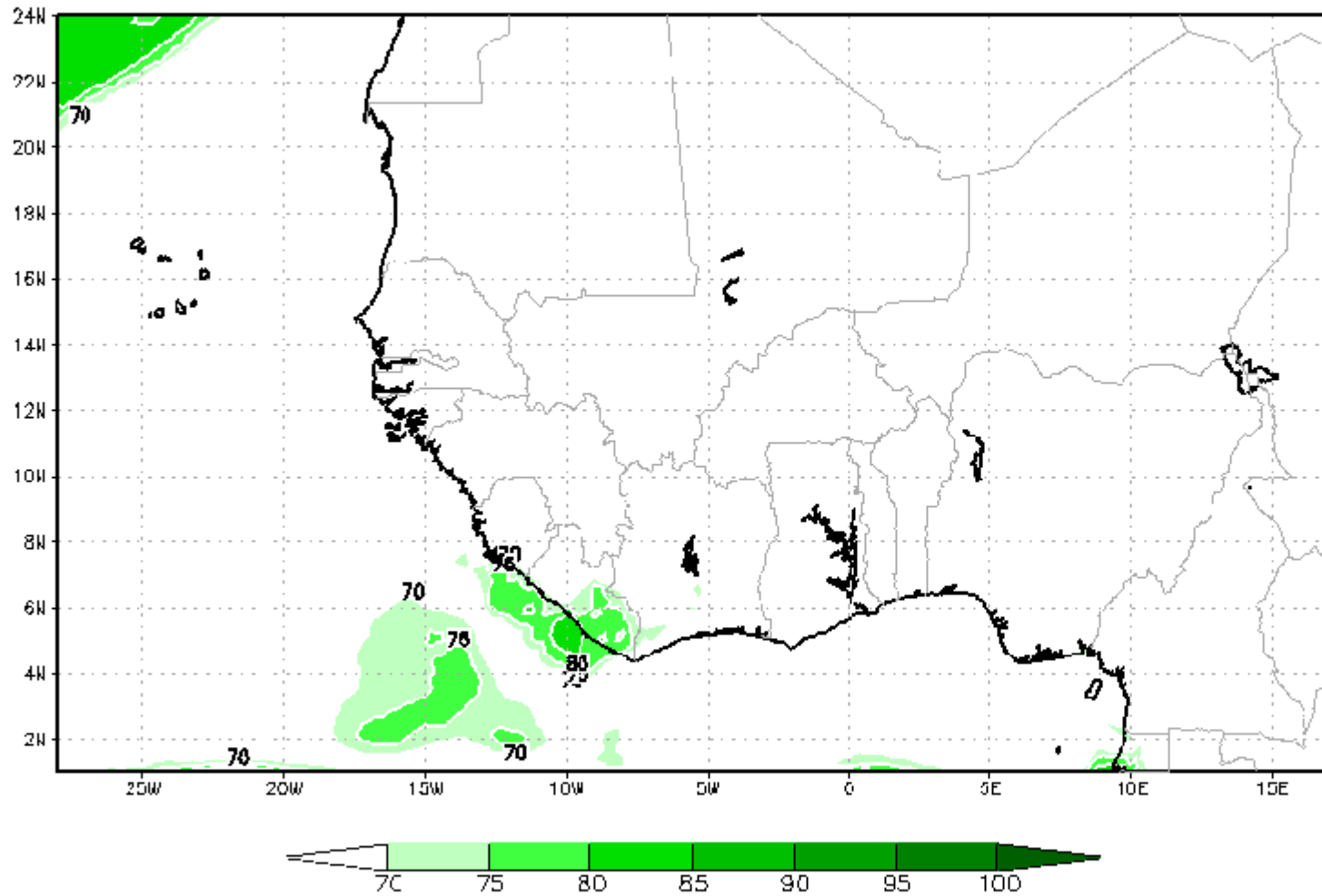
For 20070109, 00 UTC

Center DMN,ETA_22

Please Select the Parameter, Pressure level and the Forecast Range

850HPA | Relative Humidity | 48H | Show Product

Relative Humidity (%) At 850HPA Based: 007 09/01/2007 FTA
DMN} T+48 VT 00Z1-Jan2007



Done

Benefits of the Eta DWS

- Eta model outputs are used to produce weather forecasts bulletins or warning bulletins by DMN forecasters.
- At this stage it is difficult to quantify the improvements of weather forecasts due to the Eta DWS facility:
 - ❖ Forecasters are using as well global model output products
 - ❖ Not yet systematic evaluation of the model performance
- **However**, it is clear the the ETA DWS has enhanced:
 - ❖ Production of weather bulletins at the DMN
 - ❖ Interactions between forecasters and Research & Development team
 - ❖ Capacity building by the possibility to initiate DMN persons to NWP
 - ❖ Research activities

Research activities and collaboration

- A common study has been just set up between the « Atmospheric Physics Laboratory » of the University of Dakar and the DMN: model intercomparison for 2006 rainy season and evaluation with observations in the framework of AMMA (African Monsoon Multidisciplinary Analyses)
- Analysis of forecasts up to 72 hours (run by COLA prior the installation of a the whole year, July 2005-June 2006) has been proposed for master thesis to the students of the « ASECNA school of Meteorology » to determine how the Eta model forecast products represent the mean West African Monsoon features

Perspectives

● In 1-2 years

- ❖ Promote the Web page in order to enable neighbouring countries to use the Eta model output products
- ❖ Systematic verification by forecasters during monsoon seasons
- ❖ Objective verification against observations to establish model performance and scores
- ❖ 2006 rainy season case study to investigate in particular the performance of the convective schemes.

● In 5 years

- ❖ Applications: interface with a wave model, an air pollution model
- ❖ Higher-resolution Local models nested to the regional Model:
Limited Area Models vs Global models
- ❖ Assimilation of non conventional data: *eg. Radar, Lightning?*

Additional capacities needed

- Scientific documentation of the Eta Model
- Move to WRF model: **collaboration with UCAR/NCAR to establish**
- Training for forecasters and researchers about model outputs use
- Evaluation on impacts and social and economical benefits for end users: **collaboration to establish with UCAR/NCAR**
- Archive facilities
- More powerful computer

Acknowledgements

NOAA's NWS:

to have chosen Senegal as a pilot country

● COLA:

for the technical collaboration

Thanks you for your attention